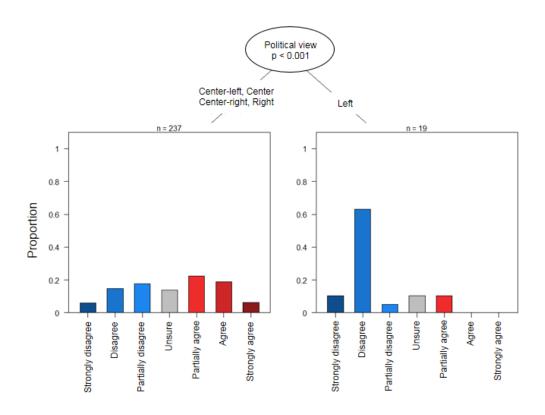
#### **Supplementary Material S3**

Conditional Inference (CI) classification trees.

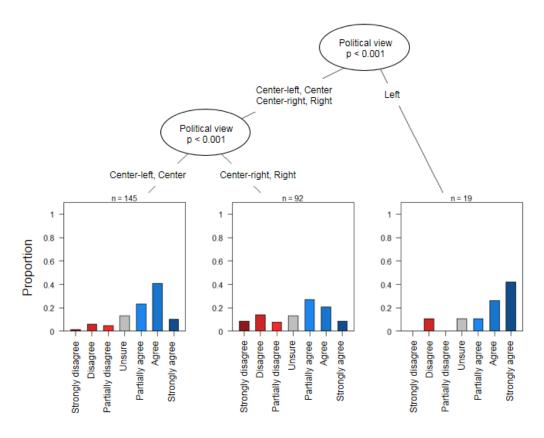
Selected conditional inference classification tree predicting the response rates of survey questions using only predictors identified as important during the random forest variable importance evaluation step of the analyses (see Table 1). For each tree, only significant predictors at p < 0.05 were retained by the algorithm. Sample size used to build each tree can be calculated by adding sample sizes indicated at each terminal node. The classification accuracy was calculated for each tree using a subset of 20% the dataset.

### Climate change impacts are happening slowly enough to let us adapt as it comes



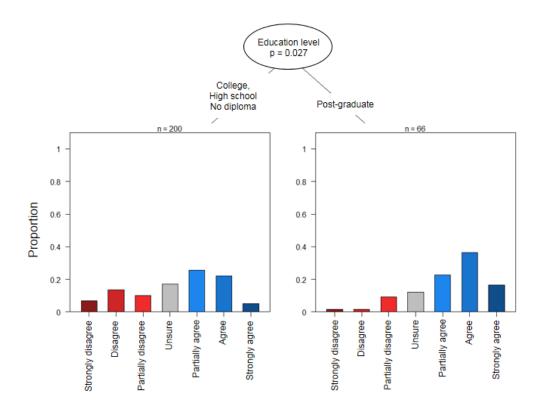
**Fig. A.** CA = 21.4%.

#### Climate change is now noticeable in my region



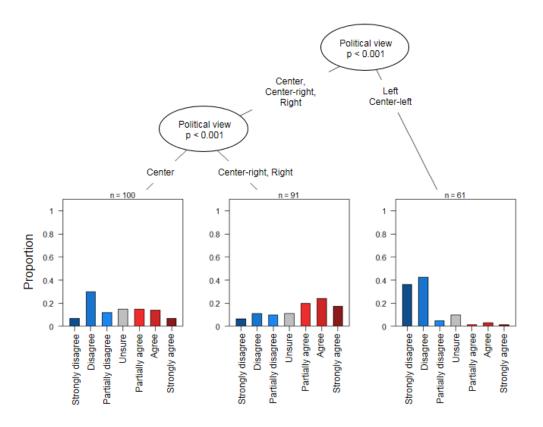
**Fig. B.** CA = 30.0%.

### The impact of climate change on me and my community is tangible



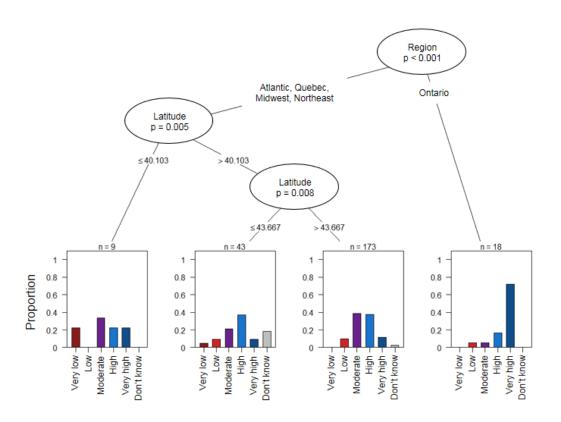
**Fig.** C. CA = 25.7%.

#### The projected impacts of climate change are exaggerated



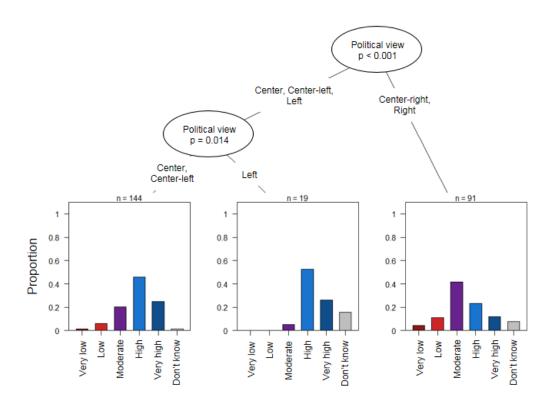
**Fig. D.** CA = 22.9%.

#### Summer heat waves

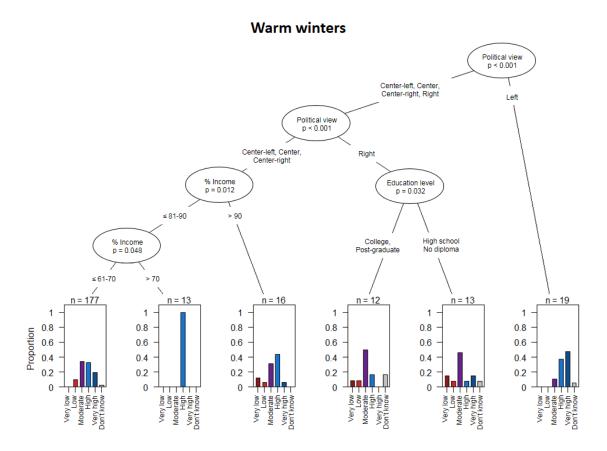


**Fig.** E. CA = 35.7%.

#### High number of winter thaw events

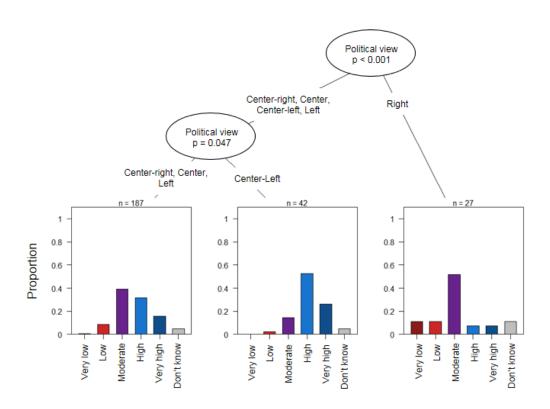


**Fig. F.** CA = 40.0%.



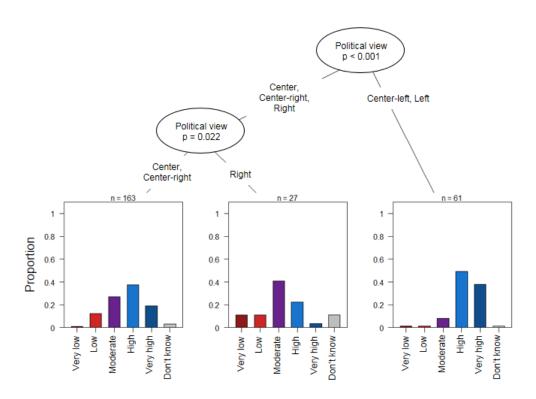
**Fig. G.** CA = 32.9%.

#### Snow and ice storms



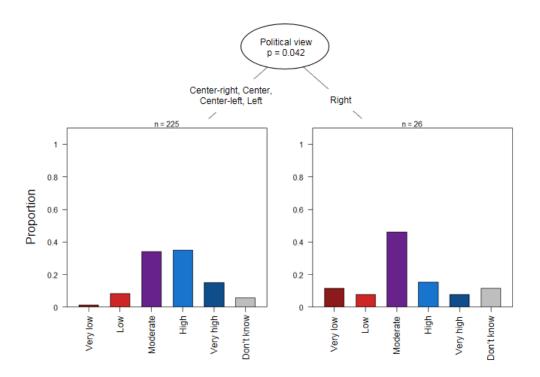
**Fig. H.** CA = 42.9%.

### Shifts in timing of the spring period in which freeze-thaw events happen



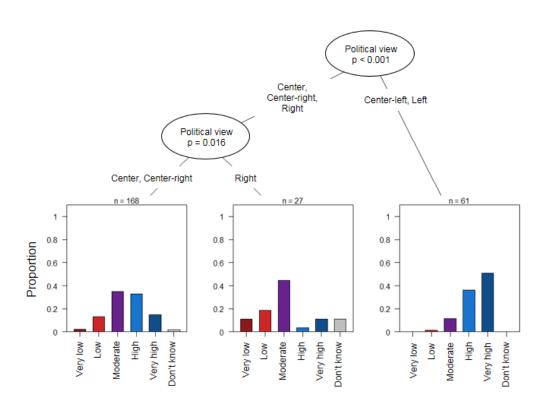
**Fig. I.** CA = 35.7%.

#### Insect outbreaks



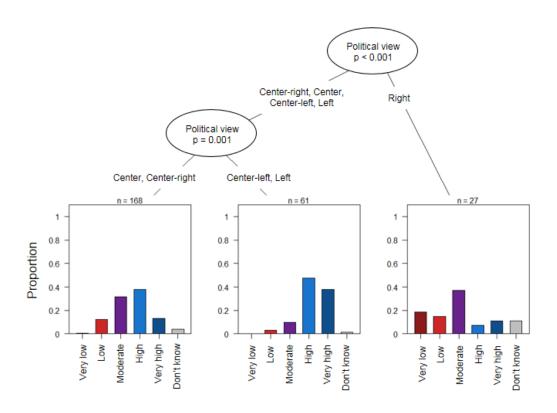
**Fig. J.** CA = 25.7%.

#### High annual mean temperatures



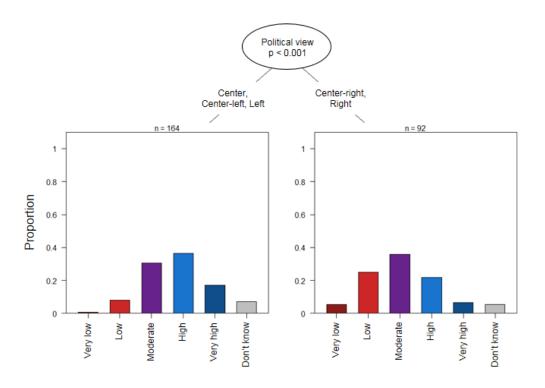
**Fig. K.** CA = 34.3%.

#### Heavy rainfall episodes



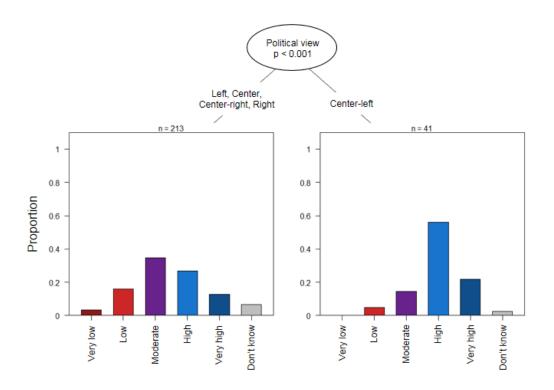
**Fig.** L. CA = 37.1%.

#### Severe windstorms



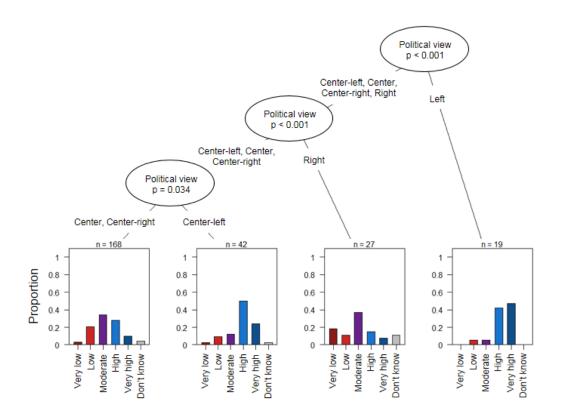
**Fig. M.** CA = 28.6%.

### Extreme high temperature periods during the spring season that prematurely stop or slow sap flow



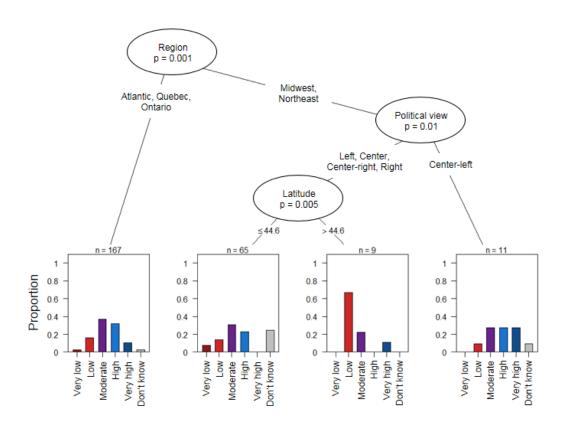
**Fig. N.** CA = 35.7%.

#### **Droughts**



**Fig. O.** CA = 31.4%.

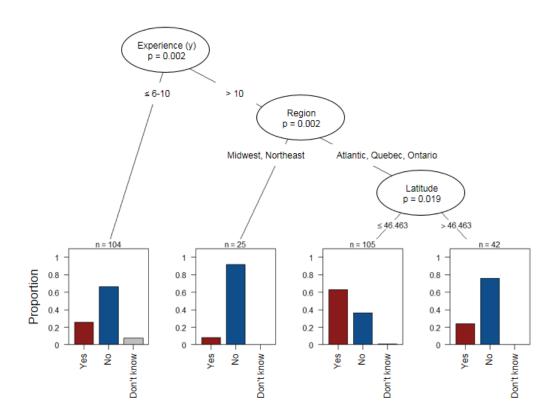
#### Hail storms



**Fig. P.** CA = 37.1%.

### In the last decades, which of these climate hazards have caused significant damage to your sugar bush?

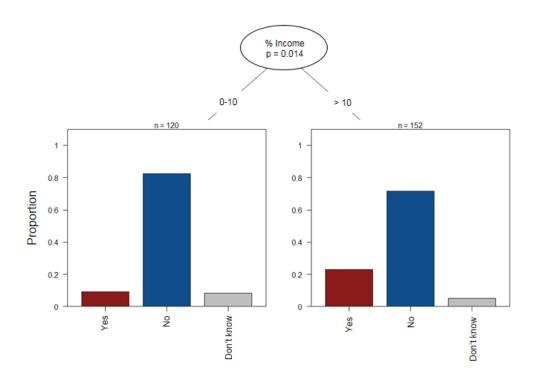
#### Ice storm



**Fig. Q.** CA = 51.4%.

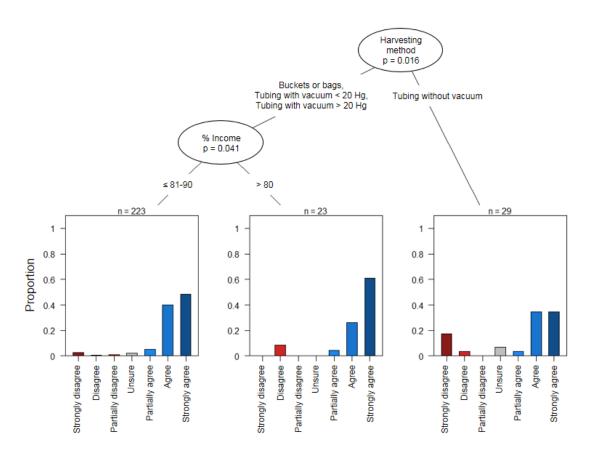
### In the last decades, which of these climate hazards have caused significant damage to your sugar bush?

#### Insect outbreak



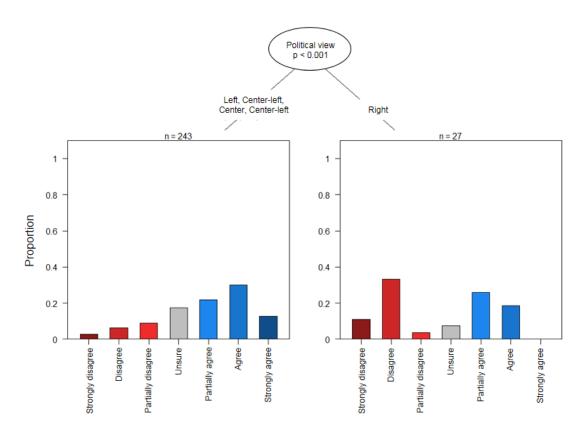
**Fig. R.** CA = 80.0%.

#### Maple syrup production is closely linked to climate change



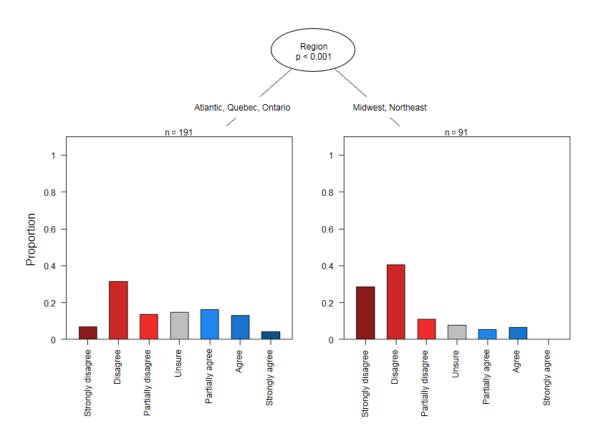
**Fig. S.** CA = 42.9%.

### Climate change has led to variability in the beginning of the tap season between years



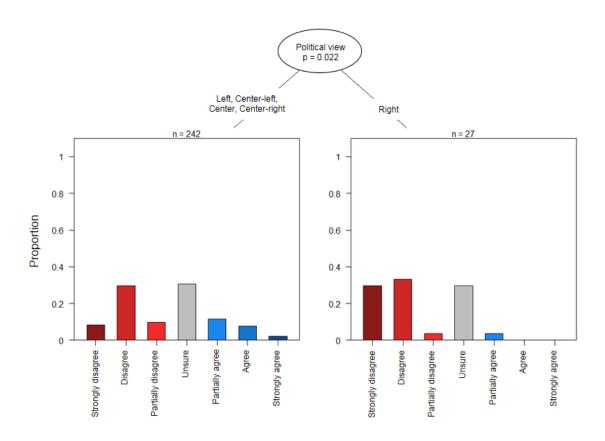
**Fig. T.** CA = 31.4%.

#### It's now easy to determine the best moment to tap maples



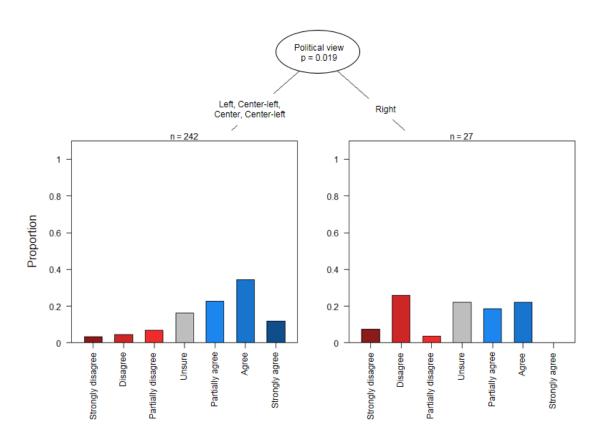
**Fig.** U. CA = 24.3%.

### In my sugar bush, I have observed an increase in maple dieback because of climate change



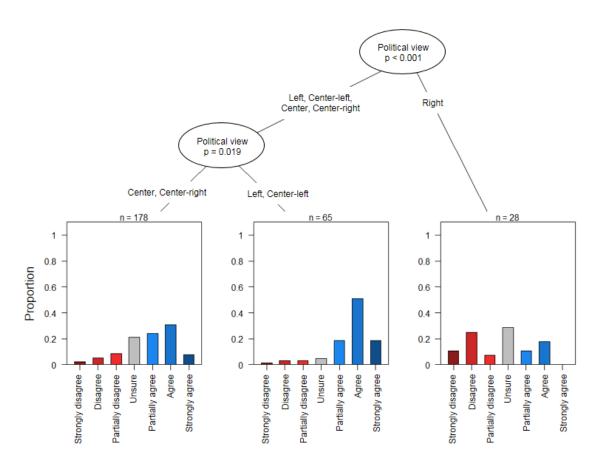
**Fig. V.** CA = 27.1%.

### In the next 30 years, the beginning of the sap collection season is going to happen earlier because of climate change



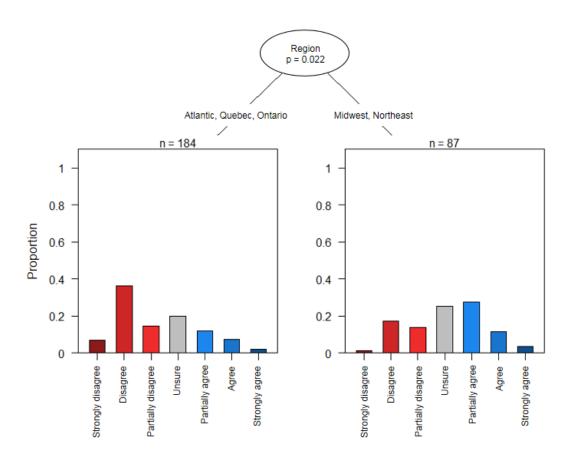
**Fig. W.** CA = 28.6%.

### In the next 30 years, climate change will lead to variability in the beginning of the sap collection season between years



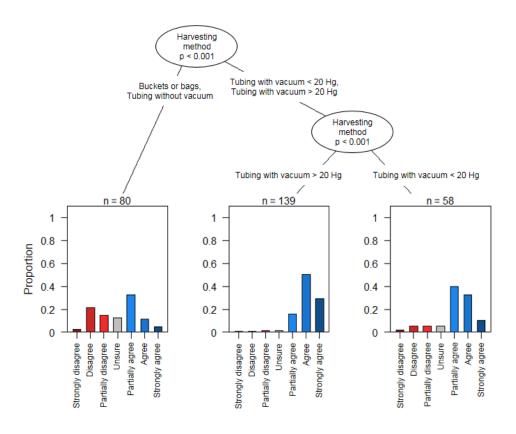
**Fig. X.** CA = 30.0%.

### Possible adaptations to climate change are numerous for the maple syrup industry



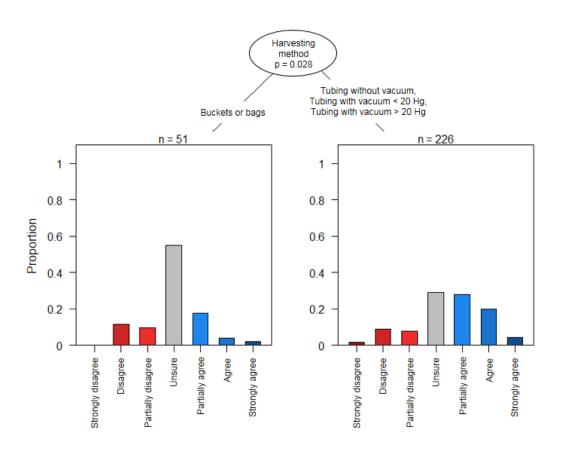
**Fig. Y.** CA = 30.0%.

have a wide knowledge of the newest tapping technologies (e.g., highvacuum tubing, new spouts, liming and fertilizing, reverse osmosis, sylvicultural management, tube cleaning/spout replacement)



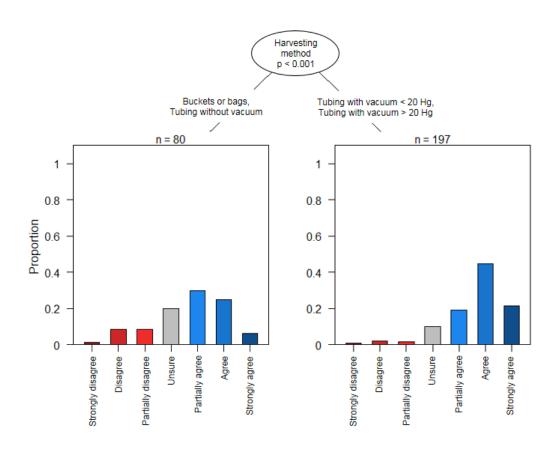
**Fig. Z.** CA = 37.1%.

### New maple syrup technologies will help me face the new challenges coming from climate change



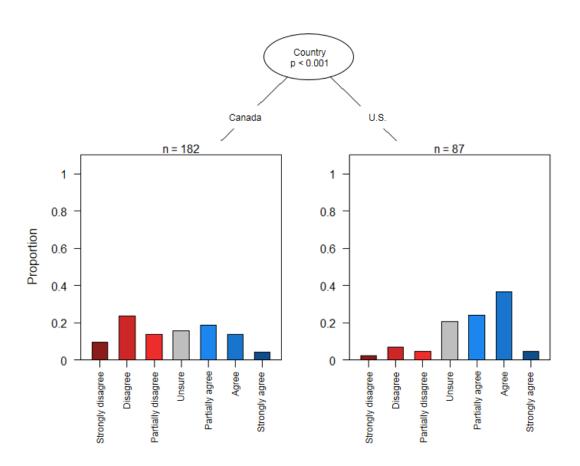
**Fig. AA.** CA = 21.4%.

### It is highly probable that I will adopt climate adaptation strategies if I think it could increase my maple syrup production



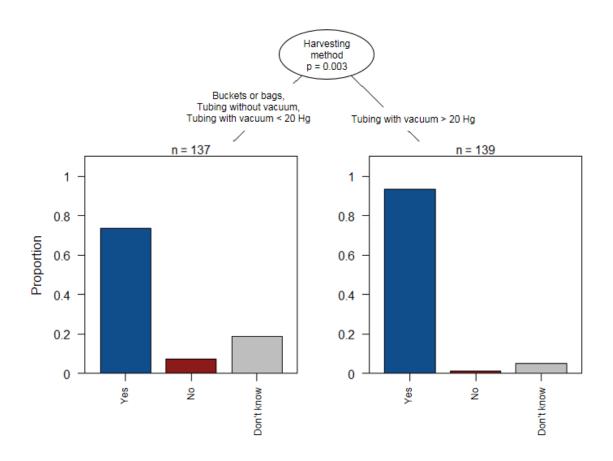
**Fig. AB.** CA = 34.3%.

### Before making any changes to adapt to climate change, I will wait to see what effects it has on my maple syrup production



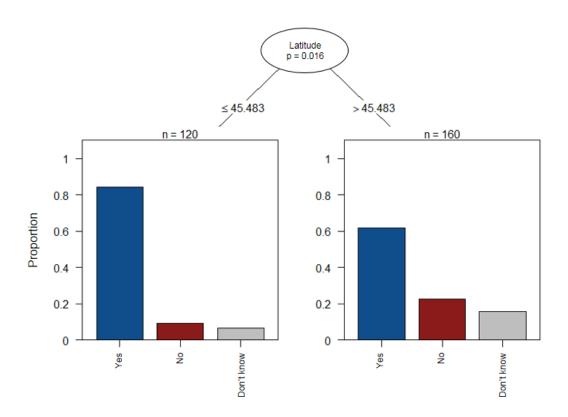
**Fig. AC.** CA = 21.4%.

# Doing sylvicultural management in your sugar bush, for example, maintain the density of trees at a good level or to favor biodiversity



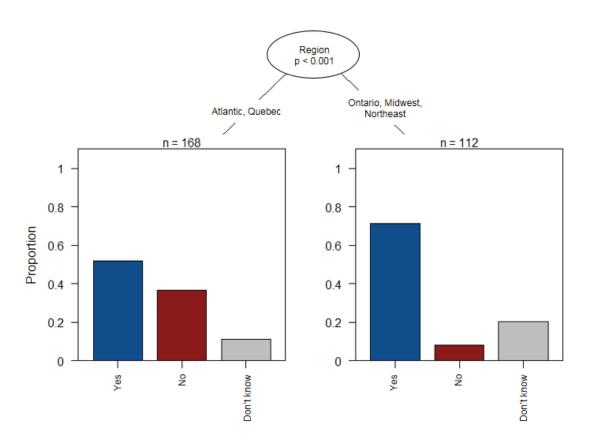
**Fig. AD.** CA = 85.7%.

### Adopting strong sanitation practices (tubing and spout cleaning and/or annual spout replacement)



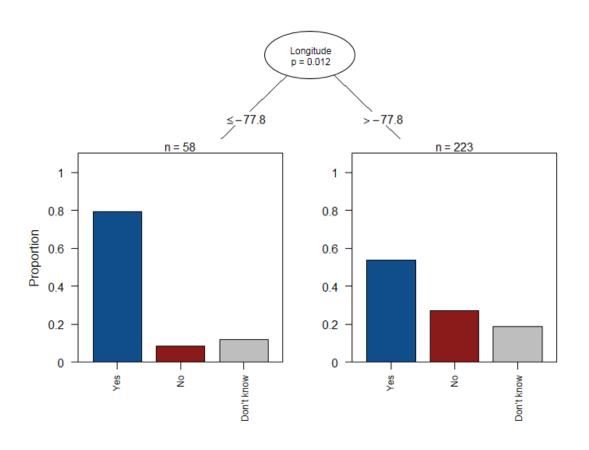
**Fig. AE.** CA = 62.9%.

#### Tapping earlier in the year



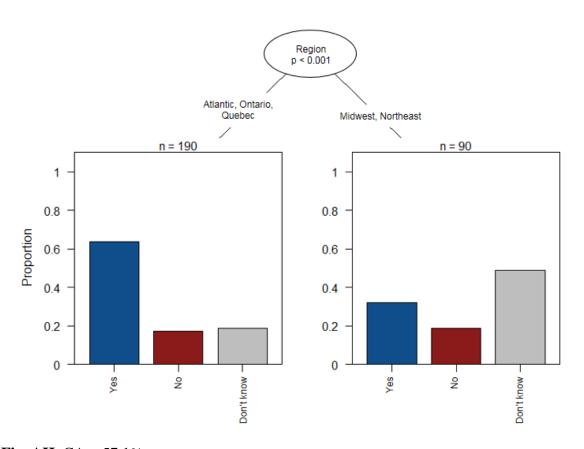
**Fig. AF.** CA = 57.1%.

#### Installing a high-vacuum tubing system for sap collection



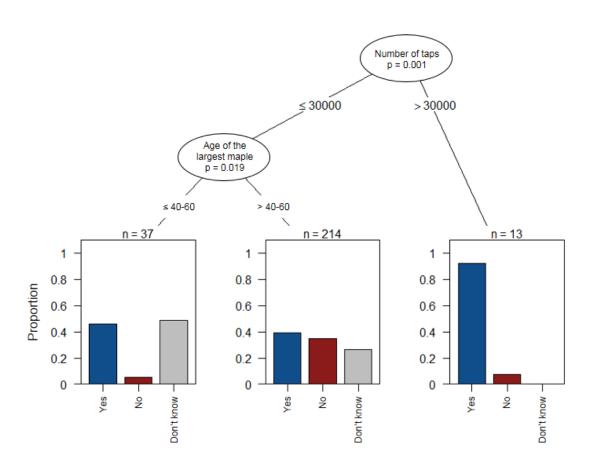
**Fig. AG.** CA = 58.6%.

#### Liming and fertilizing to limit maple dieback



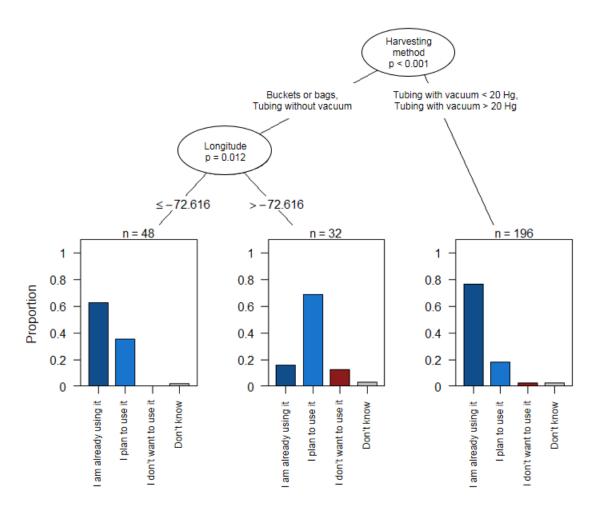
**Fig. AH.** CA = 57.1%.

#### Tapping red maples



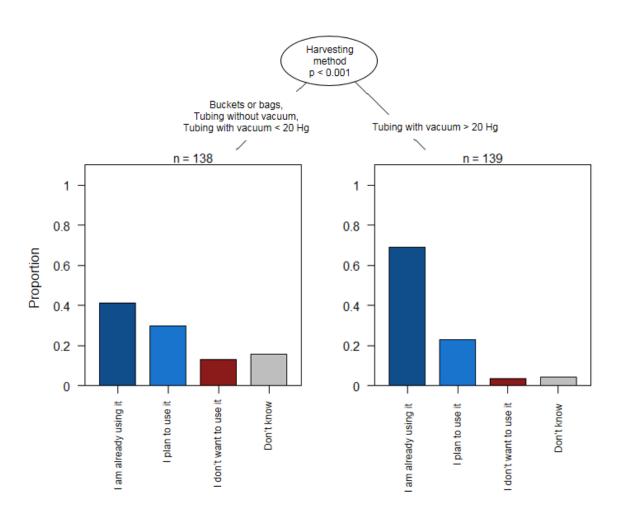
**Fig. AI.** CA = 38.6%.

### Keeping track of new research about maple syrup production



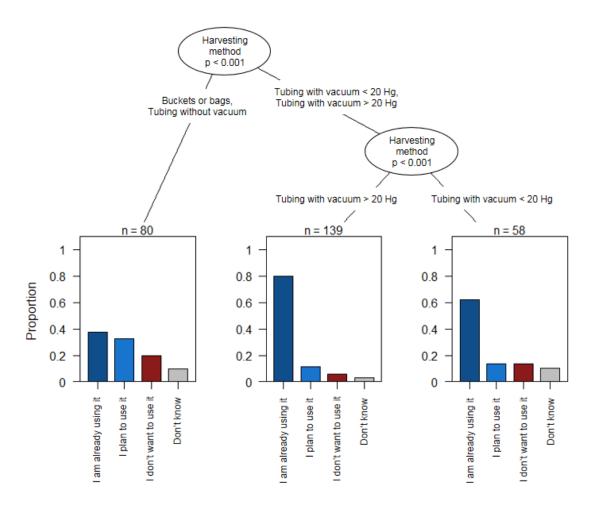
**Fig. AJ.** CA = 57.1%.

# Doing sylvicultural management in your sugar bush, for example, maintain the density of trees at a good level or to favor biodiversity



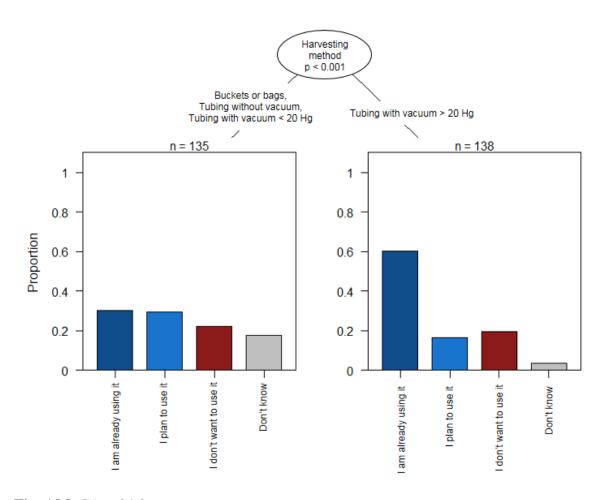
**Fig. AK.** CA = 55.7%.

### Adopting strong sanitation practices (tubing and spout cleaning and/or annual spout replacement)



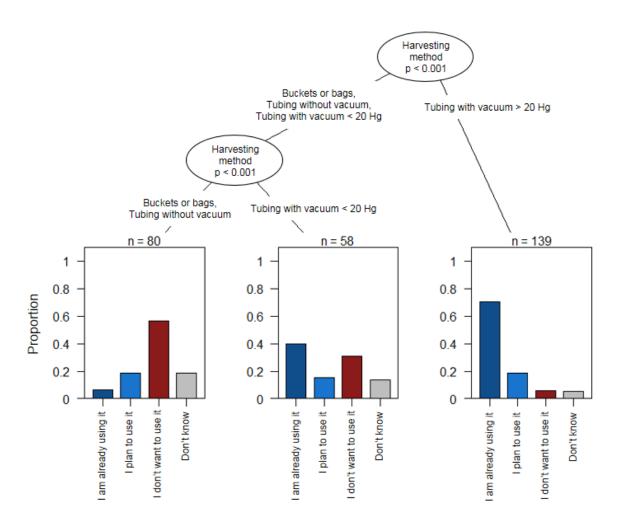
**Fig. AL.** CA = 55.7%.

### Tapping earlier in the year



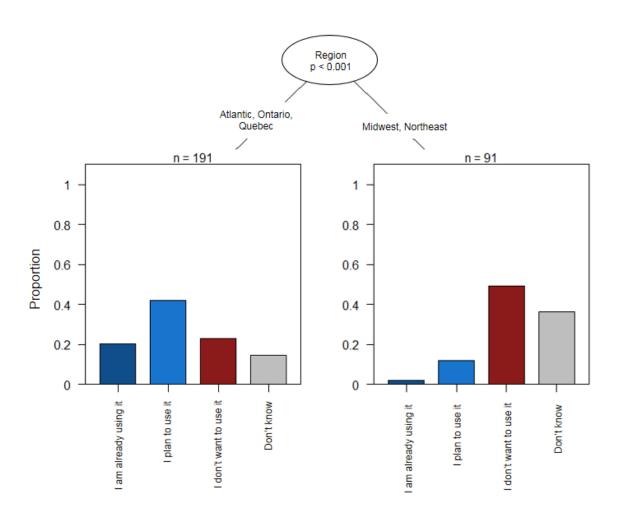
**Fig. AM.** CA = 34.3%.

### Installing a high-vacuum tubing system for sap collection



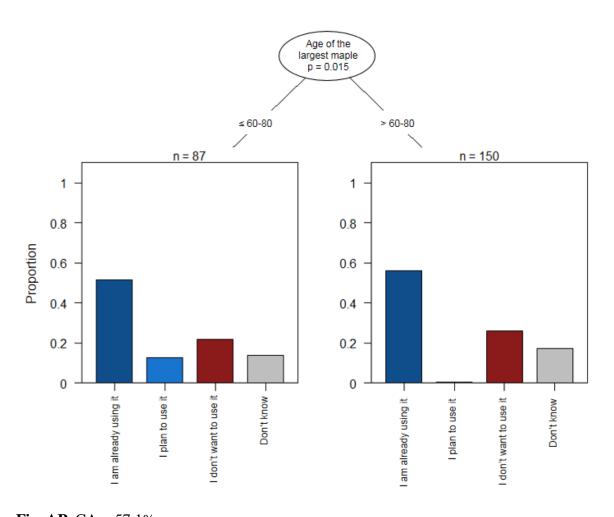
**Fig. AN.** CA = 58.6%.

### Liming and fertilizing to limit maple dieback



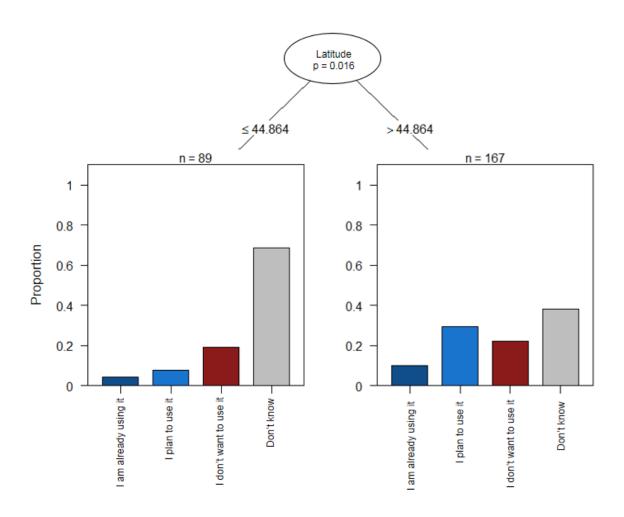
**Fig. AO.** CA = 37.1%.

### **Tapping red maples**



**Fig. AP.** CA = 57.1%.

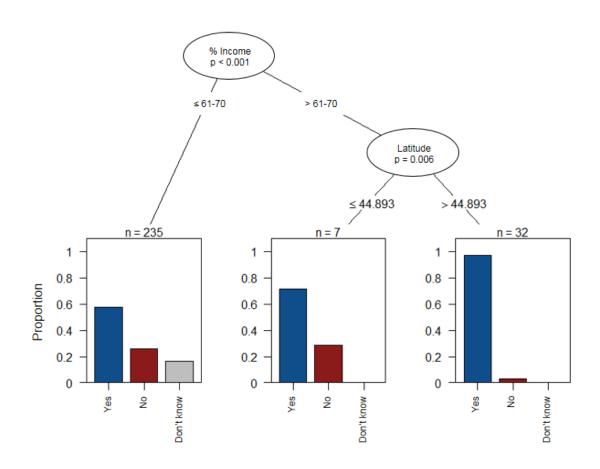
### Using maples adapted to future climate conditions



**Fig. AQ.** CA = 58.6%.

# Which of these adaptation measures would you like to see used by the maple syrup industry?

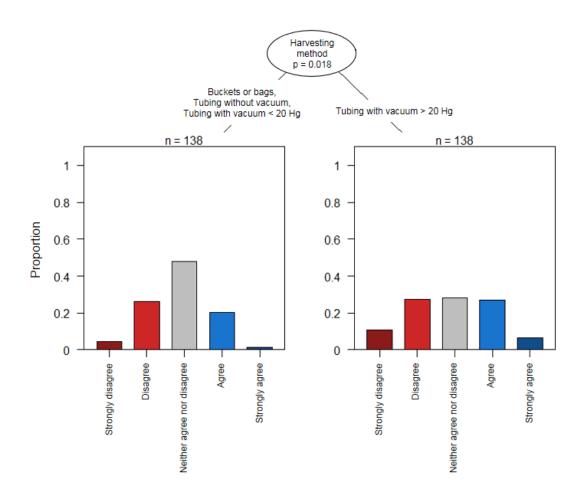
# Promoting the distinctive syrup harvested in the very late season



**Fig. AR.** CA = 57.1%.

To understand how easily your business would be able to adapt (if needed) to any potential impacts of climate change in the future, please indicate if you agree or disagree with each statement below.

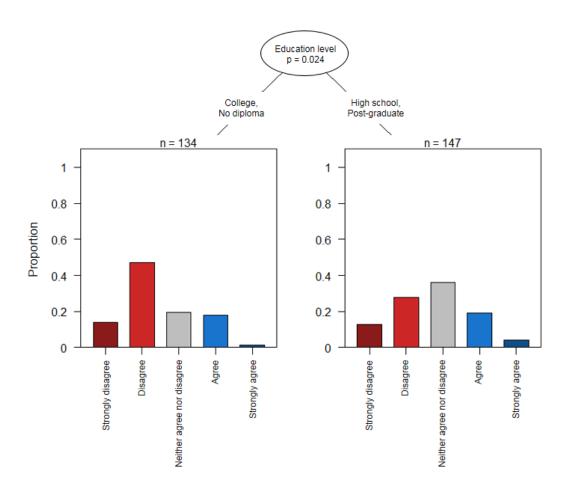
If any changes in labor (number of workers, and/or hours worked) are needed due to climate change, my business could quickly get the help it needs to operate



**Fig. AS.** CA = 34.3%.

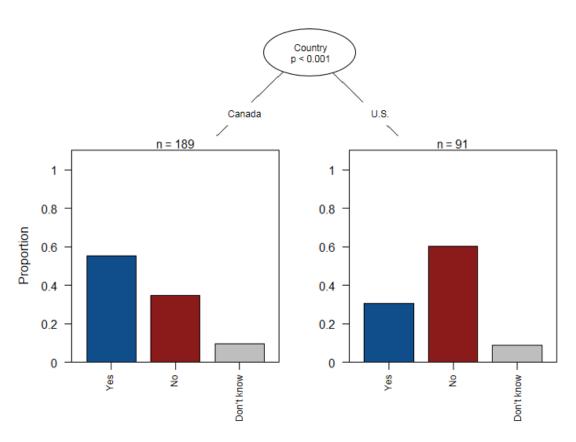
To understand how easily your business would be able to adapt (if needed) to any potential impacts of climate change in the future, please indicate if you agree or disagree with each statement below.

If any severe damage to my sugar bush occurred due to climate change, my business could quickly change how it collects and/or obtains sap



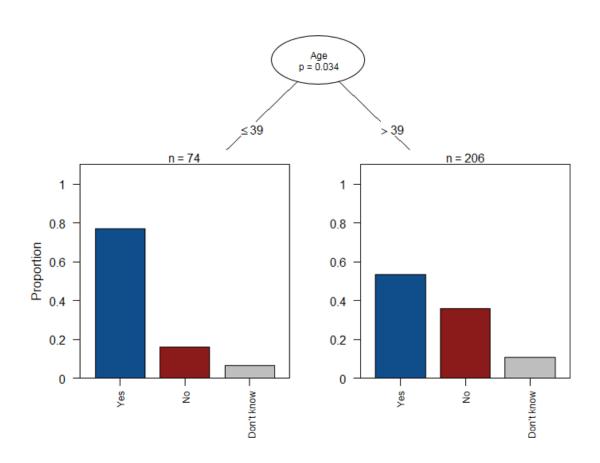
**Fig. AT.** CA = 22.9%.

### Lack of information



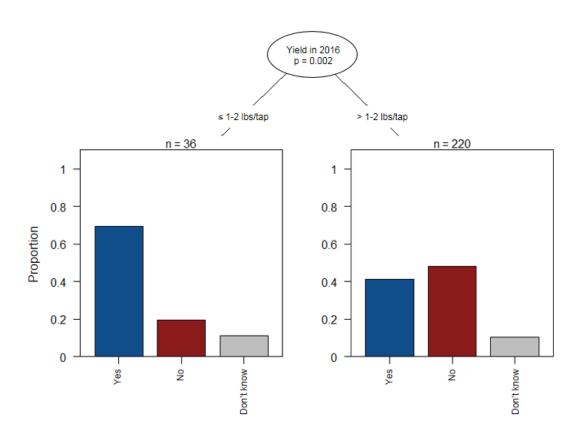
**Fig. AU.** CA = 55.7%.

#### Lack of financial means



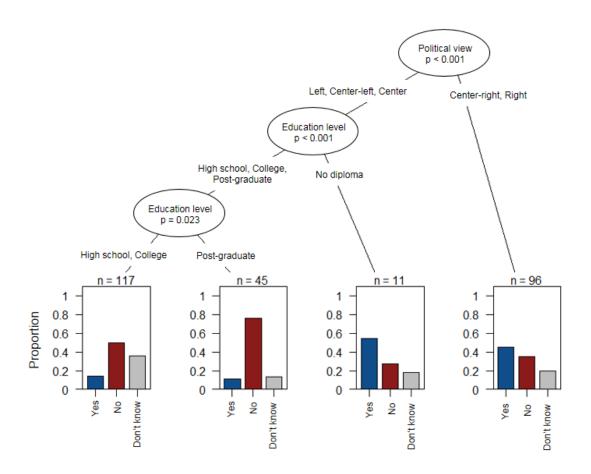
**Fig. AV.** CA = 58.6%.

### Lack of technical support



**Fig. AW.** CA = 38.6%.

### I don't believe climate change will have much impact on my syrup production



**Fig. AX.** CA = 31.4%.