TREND Statement Checklist

Paper Section/ Topic	Item	Descriptor	Reported?	
	No		\checkmark	Pg#
Title and Abst	ract			
Title and	1	Information on how unit were allocated to interventions	✓	2
Abstract		Structured abstract recommended	✓	2
		Information on target population or study sample	/	2
Introduction				
Background	2	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	/	3
		Theories used in designing behavioral interventions	✓	3-4
Methods				
Participants	3	Eligibility criteria for participants, including criteria at different levels in		
·		recruitment/sampling plan (e.g., cities, clinics, subjects)	✓	4-5
		Method of recruitment (e.g., referral, self-selection), including the		
		sampling method if a systematic sampling plan was implemented	/	S1 - 9
		Recruitment setting	/	S1 - 9
		Settings and locations where the data were collected	/	5
Interventions	4	Details of the interventions intended for each study condition and how		
		and when they were actually administered, specifically including:	/	5
		Content: what was given?		
		 Delivery method: how was the content given? 		
		 Unit of delivery: how were the subjects grouped during delivery? 	<u> </u>	
		Deliverer: who delivered the intervention?		
		Setting: where was the intervention delivered?		
		 Exposure quantity and duration: how many sessions or episodes or events were intended to be delivered? How long were they intended to last? 	✓	
		 Time span: how long was it intended to take to deliver the intervention to each unit? 	✓	
		 Activities to increase compliance or adherence (e.g., incentives) 	/	
Objectives	5	Specific objectives and hypotheses	✓	4
Outcomes	6	Clearly defined primary and secondary outcome measures		6
		 Methods used to collect data and any methods used to enhance the quality of measurements 	✓	S1 - 4-8
		 Information on validated instruments such as psychometric and biometric properties 	✓	S1 - 4-8
Sample Size	7	 How sample size was determined and, when applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping rules 	✓	4
Assignment Method	8	 Unit of assignment (the unit being assigned to study condition, e.g., individual, group, community) 	✓	4-5
		 Method used to assign units to study conditions, including details of any restriction (e.g., blocking, stratification, minimization) 	✓	4
		 Inclusion of aspects employed to help minimize potential bias induced due to non-randomization (e.g., matching) 	✓	4

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Blinding	9	Whether or not participants, those administering the interventions, and		
(masking)		those assessing the outcomes were blinded to study condition assignment; if so, statement regarding how the blinding was accomplished and how it was assessed.	N/A	N/A
Unit of Analysis	10	Description of the smallest unit that is being analyzed to assess intervention effects (e.g., individual, group, or community)	/	4
		If the unit of analysis differs from the unit of assignment, the analytical method used to account for this (e.g., adjusting the standard error		
a		estimates by the design effect or using multilevel analysis)	N/A	N/A
Statistical Methods	11	Statistical methods used to compare study groups for primary methods outcome(s), including complex methods of correlated data	/	4-5
		Statistical methods used for additional analyses, such as a subgroup analyses and adjusted analysis	✓	4-5
		Methods for imputing missing data, if used	N/A	N/A
		Statistical software or programs used	/	4
Results				
Participant flow	12	Flow of participants through each stage of the study: enrollment,		
		assignment, allocation, and intervention exposure, follow-up, analysis (a	./	F: 0 6
		diagram is strongly recommended)	*	Fig 3, 8
		 Enrollment: the numbers of participants screened for eligibility, 		
		found to be eligible or not eligible, declined to be enrolled, and enrolled in the study	✓	
		 Assignment: the numbers of participants assigned to a study condition 	✓	
		 Allocation and intervention exposure: the number of participants assigned to each study condition and the number of participants who received each intervention 	✓	
		 Follow-up: the number of participants who completed the follow-up or did not complete the follow-up (i.e., lost to follow-up), by study condition 	~	
		 Analysis: the number of participants included in or excluded from the main analysis, by study condition 	/	
		Description of protocol deviations from study as planned, along with reasons	N/A	N/A
Recruitment	13	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	✓	4
Baseline Data	14	Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of participants in each study condition	✓	4,6-8
		Baseline characteristics for each study condition relevant to specific disease prevention research	N/A	N/A
		Baseline comparisons of those lost to follow-up and those retained, overall and by study condition	N/A	N/A
		Comparison between study population at baseline and target population of interest	✓	4, 6-8
Baseline equivalence	15	Data on study group equivalence at baseline and statistical methods used to control for baseline differences	/	
equivalence		to control for baseline differences	✓	4,6

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Numbers analyzed	16	Number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis for each study condition, particularly when the denominators change for different outcomes; statement of the results in absolute numbers when feasible	✓	7-11
		 Indication of whether the analysis strategy was "intention to treat" or, if not, description of how non-compliers were treated in the analyses 	N/A	N/A
Outcomes and estimation	17	For each primary and secondary outcome, a summary of results for each estimation study condition, and the estimated effect size and a confidence interval to indicate the precision	✓	9-11
		Inclusion of null and negative findings	✓	9-11
		 Inclusion of results from testing pre-specified causal pathways through which the intervention was intended to operate, if any 	✓	8
Ancillary analyses	18	Summary of other analyses performed, including subgroup or restricted analyses, indicating which are pre-specified or exploratory	N/A	N/A
Adverse events	19	Summary of all important adverse events or unintended effects in each study condition (including summary measures, effect size estimates, and confidence intervals)	N/A	N/A
DISCUSSION				
Interpretation	20	• Interpretation of the results, taking into account study hypotheses, sources of potential bias, imprecision of measures, multiplicative analyses, and other limitations or weaknesses of the study	✓	12-15
		Discussion of results taking into account the mechanism by which the intervention was intended to work (causal pathways) or alternative mechanisms or explanations	✓	12-15
		Discussion of the success of and barriers to implementing the intervention, fidelity of implementation	/	12-15
		Discussion of research, programmatic, or policy implications	/	15-16
Generalizability	21	 Generalizability (external validity) of the trial findings, taking into account the study population, the characteristics of the intervention, length of follow-up, incentives, compliance rates, specific sites/settings involved in the study, and other contextual issues 	✓	12-15
Overall Evidence	22	General interpretation of the results in the context of current evidence and current theory	✓	12-16

From: Des Jarlais, D. C., Lyles, C., Crepaz, N., & the Trend Group (2004). Improving the reporting quality of nonrandomized evaluations of behavioral and public health interventions: The TREND statement. *American Journal of Public Health*, 94, 361-366. For more information, visit: http://www.cdc.gov/trendstatement/