TableS2. Susceptibility to deltamethrin of wild *Anopheles gambiae s.l.* mosquitoes from 6 sites in Western Kenya as determined by the standard WHO tube test.

	N. mosquitoes tested	% mortality ± 95% C.I.	KT50	КТ95
Study site	total (females)	total (females)	min	min
kisumu strain	258 (205)	100 (100)	27.39	42.8
Ahero	131 (62)	96.61 ± 8.71 (93.33 ± 17.14)	36.26	*
Chemelil	115 (69)	92.39 ± 9.33(90.49 ± 11.23)	32.25	54.97
Chulaimbo	315 (187)	97.64 ± 2.36 (97.04 ± 2.32)	40.57	*
Emutete	253 (133)	86.01 ± 3.24 (80.36 ± 5.46)	39.57	*
Bungoma	661 (337)	78.70 ± 5.60 (68.97 ± 7.86)	43.37	*
Busia	130 (77)	66.45 ± 13.73 (51.80 ± 17.32)	39.04	*

<sup>\*</sup> the maximum percentage ( $\pm$  95% CI) of mosquitoes that were knocked down after 60 minutes ( $\pm$  8.70) of exposure was for Ahero 91.34, Chulaimbo 80.92 ( $\pm$  10.91), Emutete 80.11 ( $\pm$  10.51), Bungoma 80.75 ( $\pm$  5.93), and Busia 89.81 ( $\pm$  9.08)

<sup>\*\*</sup> the maximum percentage ( $\pm$  95% CI) of mosquitoes that were knocked down after 60 minutes ( $\pm$  23.97) of exposure for Emutete was 86.52