Figure S1

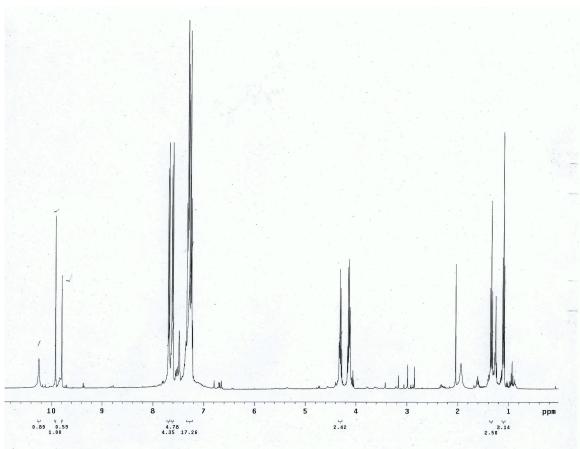
Synthesis toward Analog 2

Ethyl 4-formyl-3,5-diiodo-1*H*-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (42)[1]. To a stirred solution of 41 [2] (0.70 g, 4.16 mmol) in CHCl₃ (20 mL) at 0 °C was added CF₃CO₂Ag (2.75 g, 12.47 mmol) followed by I₂ (1.58 g, 12.47 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred for 18 hours in dark at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite and the filtrate was washed with saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. MPLC purification (CH₂Cl₂:Et₂O/95:5) of the residue gave 42 as a white solid (0.60 g, 34%). 'H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 13.58 (brs, 1H), 9.56 (s, 1H), 4.28 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), and 1.32 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H).

Ethyl 4-formyl-3,5-bis(3-hydroxy-3,3-diphenylprop-1-ynyl)-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (43). A solution of 42 (0.05 g, 0.12 mmol), 1,1-diphenylprop-2-yn-1-ol (0.075 g, 0.36 mmol), CuI (0.005 g, 0.026 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (0.009 g, 0.0128 mmol), PPh₃ (0.007 g, 0.027 mmol), and Et₃N (1 mL) in anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was stirred for 24 hours at 100 °C under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was partitioned between water and EtOAc. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. MPLC purification (Hex:EtOAc/20:80) of the residue gave 43 in less than 3% yield with inseparable impurities (see the attached 'H NMR spectrum).'H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 10.25 (brs, 1H), 9.92 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.22 (m, 16H), 4.28 (q, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H), and 1.32 (t, *J*=7.2 Hz, 3H).

References

- 1. Farnier M, Fournari P (1973) Synthese d'iodoaldehydes Pyrroliques. Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France: 351-356.
- 2. Elliott LD, Berry M, Orr-Ewing AJ, Booker-Milburn KI (2007) The Intramolecular Photometathesis of Pyrroles. Journal of the American Chemical Society 129: 3078-3079.



¹H NMR Spectrum of Compound 43 with inseparable impurities